

Answers

PPY#2

Find a) $\frac{dy}{dx}$ and $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ b) evaluate both at $t=0$

$$\textcircled{1} \text{ a) } \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{2t+3} \quad \text{b) } \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{-2}{(2t+3)^3} \quad \frac{-2}{27}$$

1. $x = t^2 + 3t \quad y = t + 1$

Write the eqn of the tangent line to the curve at the given point.

2. $x = 2t \quad y = t^2 \quad \text{at } t=2$

$\textcircled{2} \quad y - 3 = 2(x - 4)$

3. $x = t^2 - t + 2 \quad y = t^3 - 3t \quad \text{at } t = -1$

$\textcircled{3} \quad y = 2$

Find all pts (if any) of HT and VT to the curve.

4. $x = 1 - t \quad y = t^2$

$\textcircled{4} \quad \text{HT } (1,0) \quad \text{VT: none}$

5. $x = 3\cos\theta \quad y = 3\sin\theta$

$\textcircled{5} \quad \text{HT } (0,3) (0,-3) \quad \text{VT } (3,0) (-3,0)$

Find the arclength (use fnint)

6. $x = \arcsint t \quad y = \ln\sqrt{1-t^2} \quad 0 \leq t \leq \frac{1}{2}$

$\textcircled{6} \quad \int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{(1-t^2)^2}} dt \approx 0.549$

Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ and evaluate it at $\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}$

7. $r = 3(1 - \cos\theta)$

$\textcircled{7} \quad \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(1+2\cos\theta)(1-\cos\theta)}{\sin\theta(2\cos\theta-1)} \quad @ \theta = \frac{\pi}{2}$
 $\frac{dy}{dx} = -1$

Find the area of the given region:

8. One leaf of $r = 2\cos 3\theta$

$\textcircled{8} \quad 2 \left[\frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\pi/6} (2\cos 3\theta)^2 d\theta \right] = \frac{\pi}{3}$

9. Inner loop of $r = 1 + 2\cos\theta$

$\textcircled{9} \quad 2 \left[\frac{1}{2} \int_{2\pi/3}^{\pi} (1+2\cos\theta)^2 d\theta \right] = \frac{2\pi - 3\sqrt{3}}{2}$

10. Between the loops of $r = 1 + 2\cos\theta$

$\textcircled{10} \quad 2 \left[\frac{1}{2} \int_{2\pi/3}^{2\pi/3} (1+2\cos\theta)^2 d\theta \right] = \frac{4\pi + 3\sqrt{3}}{2}$
 ← outer loop
 between loops answer to 10 - 9 = $\pi + 3\sqrt{3}$
 outer-inner

Find the intersection points of

11. $r = 1 + \cos\theta$ and $r = 1 - \cos\theta$

$\textcircled{11} \quad (1, \pi/2) \quad (1, 3\pi/2) \quad (0,0)$

Find the arclength

12. $r = 1 + \sin\theta \quad 0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$

$\textcircled{12} \quad 2 \int_{\pi/2}^{3\pi/2} \sqrt{(1+\sin\theta)^2 + (\cos\theta)^2} d\theta = 8$

Find the a) position at time $t=3$, b) distance the particle travels $t \in [0,3]$ use fnint

13. $v(t) = \langle 3t^2 - 2t, 1 + \cos\pi t \rangle \quad s(0) = (2,6)$

$\textcircled{13} \text{ a) } \langle 20, 9 \rangle$

a) $\int_0^3 \langle 3t^2 - 2t, 1 + \cos\pi t \rangle dt + \langle 2, 6 \rangle$

b) $\int_0^3 \sqrt{(3t^2 - 2t)^2 + (1 + \cos\pi t)^2} dt \approx 19.343 \text{ (fnint)}$

